

**RISK ASSESSMENT OF WORK WITH BIOLOGICAL AGENTS**

Please note the following before completing this form:

- University Health and Safety Policy requires that risk assessment of all work with biological agents (BA) must be carried out in advance of work commencing. A key requirement of The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) is to assess the risks associated with any work activity involving the use of biological materials may contain biological agents.
- YOU SHOULD COMPLETE ALICE PART A, THE APPROPRIATE SECTION(S) OF PART B AND ALL OF PART C. ALL RISK ASSESSMENTS MUST BE REVIEWED BY THE DEPARTMENT BIOLOGICAL SAFETY ADVISOR AND WHERE HAZARDOUS GROUP 2 BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL IS INTENDED TO BE USED EXPLICIT APPROVAL IS ALSO REQUIRED FROM THE UNIVERSITY BIOLOGICAL SAFETY OFFICER. THIS FORM SHOULD BE SUBMITTED TO THE HEALTH, SAFETY & ENVIRONMENT UNIT FOR REVIEW VIA YOUR DEPARTMENTAL SAFETY OFFICER.
- It is the responsibility of the Principal Investigator to ensure compliance to these requirements and that the risk assessment remains valid.
- This risk assessment form IS NOT for assessing the risks associated with Genetically Modified Organism activities.

Date Submitted:	14/06/11	Date Approved:	22/06/2011
Version Number:	001	Supersedes (insert version number if applicable)	N/A

**PART A: Please provide the following general information:**

<b>School/Department</b>			
Chemical Engineering			
<b>Title of Project</b>			
Development of Primary and/or Embryonic Stem Cell derived Human Cells to study Drug Elimination			
Project Reference Number:	N/A		
<b>Person responsible for this work (Principal Investigator)</b>	Name:	Position:	Supervisor:
	Dr Karen Coopman	University School:	Loughborough University
<b>Person conducting this assessment</b>			
Name:	Maaria Ghai	Position:	Research Student
Department:	Chemical Engineering	Date Risk Assessment Undertaken:	
Proposed Project Start Date:		Proposed Project End Date:	

Renew Date 22/06/2012.

**A1 PROJECT SUMMARY**

**A1.1 Scientific Goals of the Project**

This provides a useful background for the reviewer and reader. It need only be brief and should provide an overview of the scientific goals.

To investigate drug elimination of cell line and primary renal cells and utilise them within a device.

To create a bioartificial kidney (analogous to bioartificial liver), that incorporates 3D cell culture and displays normal endogenous kidney function, as a re-usable, long lived model for studying renal transport and transporter-mediated drug-drug interactions (DDIs)

This could consist of either primary human kidney cells (e.g. proximal tubule cells) or human kidney cells (expressing the correct complement of drug transporters)

This would allow assessment of the contribution a particular transporter plays towards a drugs elimination and ultimately highlighting the pathway(s) with the most DD1 potential

**A1.2 Description of the Experimental Procedures**

Describe laboratory procedures to be used and highlight any non-standard laboratory operations. This may need cross reference to supporting documentation i.e. protocols.

**Culturing and Cryopreservation**

**Culture:**

Protocol: Volumes used in this protocol are for 75 sq cm flasks; proportionally reduce or increase amount of dissociation medium for culture vessels of other sizes.

- Remove and discard culture medium.
- Briefly rinse the cell layer with Ca++/Mg++ free Dulbecco's phosphate-buffered saline (D-PBS) or 0.25% (w/v) Trypsin - 0.53 mM EDTA solution to remove all traces of serum which contains trypsin inhibitor.
- Add 1.0 to 2.0 ml of Trypsin-EDTA solution to flask and observe cells under an inverted microscope until cell layer is dispersed (usually within 5 to 15 minutes).  
 Note: To avoid clumping do not agitate the cells by hitting or shaking the flask while waiting for the cells to detach. Cells that are difficult to detach may be placed at 37C to facilitate dispersal.
- Add 6.0 to 8.0 ml of complete growth medium and aspirate cells by gently pipetting.
- Add appropriate aliquots of the cell suspension to new culture vessels. An inoculum of 1 X 10(4) to 2 X 10(4) viable cells/sq. cm is recommended.
- Inoculate cultures at 37C. Subculture when the cell concentration is between 7 X 10(4) and 1 X 10(5) cells/sq. cm.  
 Subcultivation ratio: A subcultivation ratio of 1: 2 to 1:6 is recommended.  
 Medium renewal: Every 2 to 3 days

**Cryopreservation:**

Cells are detached from the flasks, spun down and spent media removed. They are then typically resuspended in a mix of 10% (v/v) DMSO and 90% (v/v) FBS, at approximately 1X10<sup>6</sup> cells/ml. They are then quickly aliquoted into cryovials (1ml per vial) and put into a Mr. Frosty containing isopropanol. Once all the vials have been transferred, Mr. Frosty is placed in the -80C freezer for a minimum of 24 hours. Vials can then be transferred to long term liquid nitrogen storage.

The work described will be carried out at the Centre for Biological Engineering Containment Level 2 laboratories.

All procedures will be conducted in accordance with the laboratory Quality Management System requirements, Good Cell Culture Practices, Good Aseptic Technique, the local Code of Practice and the University Biological Safety Policy. All SOP's available (authorised access only) for review at: [https://internal.lboro.ac.uk/restricted/wolfson/CBE\\_SOP/5\\_SOPs/SOPs.html.htm](https://internal.lboro.ac.uk/restricted/wolfson/CBE_SOP/5_SOPs/SOPs.html.htm)

**PART B:** Please provide information in one or more of the following sections, as appropriate. Only sections which you complete should be submitted:

- Section 1: *micro-organisms (prions, viruses, bacteria, fungi, parasites in ACDP category 2 and pathogens controlled by the Department for the Environment, Food and Rural Affairs). [Work with ACDP category 3 and 4 pathogens is not currently permitted in the University.]*
- Section 2: *cell cultures, tissues, blood, body fluids or excreta*
- Section 3: *plants and plant material*
- Section 4: *animals and animal tissues*

**SECTION 2: CELL CULTURES, TISSUES, BLOOD, BODY FLUIDS OR EXCRETA**

**B2.1 HAZARD & RISK IDENTIFICATION: NATURE OF CELLS, TISSUES OR BODY FLUIDS**  
*This information gives an indication of the potential harm that the biological material may cause*

B2.1.1 List all cells or tissues to be used. For cells indicate if primary, continuous or finite.

Cell or tissue type and ID	Organ Source	Species	From where will it be obtained?
MDCK II	Kidney	Canine	AstraZeneca Charnwood Site
MDCK I	Kidney	Canine	AstraZeneca Charnwood Site

B2.1.2 List all blood, body fluids or excreta to be used

Material Type	Species	From where will it be obtained?
		N/R

B2.1.3 Has any material listed in section B2.1.1 been genetically modified in any way?

Indicate in the adjacent boxes:  Yes,  No or  Not Relevant (N/R)  Yes  No

If Yes, complete Genetically Modified Organisms (GMO) Risk Assessment Form

B2.1.4 Will material be screened for infectious agents? (if from a cell culture collection answer B2.1.6 instead)

Indicate in the adjacent boxes:  Yes,  No or  Not Relevant (N/R)  Yes  No

If Yes, provide details of the types of screening and agents screened for: Mycoplasma Testing (Safety Information attached)

B2.1.5 Will any clinical history (if relevant) be provided with this material?

Indicate in the adjacent boxes:  Yes,  No or  Not Relevant (N/R)  Yes  No

If yes give details:

If yes, will a policy of rejection of samples from diseased patients be adopted? Explain

If yes, how will the information be disseminated in the course of the project?

If yes, will this information be anonymised?

B2.1.6 If obtained from a cell culture collection, is safety information provided?

Indicate in the adjacent box as: Yes, No or Not Relevant (N/R)  
 If Yes, summarise here:  Yes  No  N/R

**B2.2 RISK TO HUMANS**

B2.2.1 What is the likelihood of infection of this material? Indicate as None, Low Risk, Medium Risk, High Risk, Known Infected\*

Cell Type and ID	Risk Category	Justification for Selection
MDCK II	Low risk	Easily acquired renal cells for culture training. Cells have been cloned from parental line, so no endogenous infectious agents used. Classified as HG1
MDCK I	Low risk	Easily acquired renal cells for culture training. Cells have been cloned from parental line, so no endogenous infectious agents used. Classified as HG1

\*see The Managing the risks in laboratories and healthcare premises – available at <http://www.hse.gov.uk/biosafety/bioloqaents.pdf> If none proceed to section B2.2.4

B2.2.2 If low, medium or high risk (section B2.2.1), name and classify the Biological Agents this material could be infected with. List the biological agents and indicate the ACDP hazard group classification\*

Name of Agent	Classification
N/A	Cells not classified under ACDP

\*see The Approved List of Biological Agents – available on the Health & Safety website or <http://www.hse.gov.uk/pubs/misc208.pdf>

B2.2.3 Describe the route(s) of infection (in humans) for these adventitious agents (place a 'X' in the relevant box)

Percutaneous	Mucocutaneous	Inhalation	Ingestion	Other
			X	N/R

B2.2.4 Are there any other biological hazards (other than adventitious infectious risk) associated with the materials e.g. aggressive tumourigenic cell lines

Indicate in the adjacent box as: Yes, No or Not Relevant (N/R)  Yes  No  N/R

**B2.3 HUMANS AT INCREASED RISK OF INFECTION**

B2.3.1 Do any of the agents listed in section 2.1 present an overt risk to humans at increased risk (including immunocompromised workers, pregnant workers, breast feeding mothers)?

Indicate in the adjacent box as: Yes, No or Not Relevant (N/R)  Yes  No  N/R  
 If Yes, Occupational Health must be consulted:

**B2.4 PROPAGATION OR CONCENTRATION OF ADVENTITIOUS AGENTS**

B2.4.1 Will any culturing of this material take place?

Indicate in the adjacent box as: Yes, No or Not Relevant (N/R)  Yes  No  N/R  
 If yes, identify the cells and the conditions these will grow:

MDCK II- 37°C, Minimum essential medium (Eagle) with 2mM L-glutamine and Earle's BSS adjusted to contain 1.5g/L sodium bicarbonate, 0.1mM non-essential amino acids and 1.0mM sodium pyruvate, 90%; fetal bovine serum, 10%, Static incubation  
 MDCK I- 37°C, Minimum essential medium (Eagle) with 2mM L-glutamine and Earle's BSS adjusted to contain 1.5g/L sodium bicarbonate, 0.1mM non-essential amino acids and 1.0mM sodium pyruvate, 90%; fetal bovine serum, 10%, Static incubation

B2.4.2 If culturing, will CD4+ cells be present. Describe what cells and for how long these cultures will be allowed to grow

Indicate in the adjacent box as: Yes, No or Not Relevant (N/R)  Yes  No  N/R  
 If yes, explain:

B2.4.3 If culturing, what is the maximum volume of culture grown?

Indicate in the adjacent box if Not Relevant (N/R)	Per Flask	Per experiment	Yes
	1.5x10 <sup>6</sup> cells in T75 flasks → 15ml liquid volume per flask	Maximum 10 x T75 → 150ml liquid volume maximum	

B2.4.4 Will the cells be manipulated in any way that could result in a concentration of any adventitious biological agent present?

Indicate in the adjacent box as: Yes, No or Not Relevant (N/R)  Yes  No  N/R  
 If yes, explain:

**B2.5 WORKING WITH MATERIAL DONATED BY YOURSELF OR COLLEAGUES**  
 Persons MUST NOT work with their own cells

B2.5.1 Will any cells be donated by persons working in or has access to the lab?

Indicate in the adjacent box as: Yes, No or Not Relevant (N/R)  Yes  No  N/R  
 If yes, explain what precautions are to be taken to prevent that person being exposed to the cells:

If yes, where will this material be collected:

If yes, provide justification for not using a safer source:

If yes, how will confidentiality be assured:

If yes, has Ethics Committee approval been obtained:

### B2.6: ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS:

B2.6.1 Are any of the agents capable of causing disease or other harm in animals, fish or plants?

Indicate in the adjacent box as: Yes/No/Not Relevant (N/R)

If yes, describe:

No

B2.6.2 Will there be any other environmental risks?

Indicate in the adjacent box as: Yes/No/Not Relevant (N/R)

If yes, describe:

No

### B2.7: OTHER HAZARDS

B2.7.1 Are there any other hazards associated with this work? For example, hazardous chemicals (especially carcinogens, mutagens, substances toxic to reproduction, cytotoxins), cryogenic gases ionising radiation.

Indicate in the adjacent box as: Yes/No/Not Relevant (N/R)

Yes

If yes, identify these:  
Trypan Blue – essential for manual cell counting – will be used and disposed in accordance with CBE COP.  
COSH RA CBE020 and SOP029 "Safe Handling and Disposal of Trypan Blue"

Liquid Nitrogen – Cell storage system, will be used and disposed in accordance with CBE COP and SOP013  
"Use and Maintenance of Liquid Nitrogen Stores"

Sharps- haemolytometer slides- C 1.2.1 other section

If yes, have these been risk assessed and any necessary approval obtained?

SOP for liquid nitrogen handling, trypan blue (above) and handling of sharps

## PART C: CONTROL MEASURES

### C1: CONTROL MEASURES

The set of exposure must be prevented or adequately controlled to minimise the chance of harm arising. COSHH Regulations require minimum containment measures for laboratories handling organisms from the different ACDP hazard groups (<http://www.hse.gov.uk/doh/misuse2009.pdf>). The hazard group number typically indicates the level of containment (includes physical measures & working practices) that must be used for its handling.

#### C1.1 Preventing Exposure

C1.1.1 Substitution with a Safer Alternative

Is substitution with a safer alternative practical, by for example, replacement of a clinical strain or pathogen with one that is lab adapted? Provide reasons for your answer:

No- already biosafety 1

C1.1.2 Isolation/Segregation

(i) Is/Are the laboratory(s) to be used for this work to be shared with other workers not directly involved in this activity?

Indicate in the adjacent box as: Yes/No/Not Relevant (N/R)

Yes

If yes, provide details:

Used by researchers

After each culture all shared equipment will be cleaned and decontaminated according to procedures detailed in CBE equipment SOPs. Cultures will be incubated in closed flasks. Risk of cross contamination will be minimal.

(ii) Is access to the laboratory(s) to be used for this work restricted?

Indicate in the adjacent box as: Yes/No/Not Relevant (N/R)

Yes

If yes, provide details:

Access to CBE laboratories is restricted to authorised users only. All authorised users have been trained in working in a containment level 2 (CL2) laboratory; documented training files for all authorised users are available in CBE offices.

Outside of normal working hours the laboratories are locked to ensure safe storage of biological agents and unauthorised entry. Keys are only issued to authorised users who have been granted out of hours access following risk assessment of their intended work.

There is no access to the laboratories by any cleaning or maintenance staff at any time unless a specific permit to work has been granted.

#### C1.2 Controlling Exposure

C1.2.1 Are sharps (needles, blades, scissors, forceps, glass or capillary tubes) to be used at any stage during this activity?

Indicate in the adjacent box as: Yes/No/Not Relevant (N/R)

Yes

If yes, list the sharps:  
Haemocytometer and coverslips. While not presenting an immediate sharps risk, accidental breakage could potentially present risk of a sharp injury.

If yes, justify their use – is there an alternative?

Used to examine and quantify cells- no other alternative

If yes, describe their use and disposal:

Cell sample placed on slide, stained and examined microscopically. Any broken cover slips to be disposed of in sharps bins (on each bench), to be picked up by forceps.

Haemocytometers will be cleaned with 70%IMS before and after each use.

If yes, describe any additional precautions employed to reduce risk:

Safety goggles, gloves and labcoat will be worn at all times. In the case either haemocytometer or glass cover slips breaks, all fragments will be picked up using a forceps and disposed in a sharps container. Any spillage will be cleaned in accordance with SOP038 "Biological Spill Response". If trypan blue present on haemocytometer or glass cover slip at time of breakage, a cytotoxic sharps bin will be used for collection of fragments.

**C1.2.2 Containment and Ventilation**

(i) Is the use of BSC required for the protection of the worker i.e. do the work procedures generate aerosols or splashes that pose a risk to workers?

Indicate in the adjacent box as: No, Yes or Not Relevant (N/R)  No  Yes  N/R

If yes, specify the type(s) and when they will be used:

Splashing not foreseen but class II BSC to be used for all work. Class 2 BSC will be used for all open manipulations to protect cell line from contamination and ensure any aerosols generated are contained. BSCs will be operated in accordance to SOP009 "Use and Maintenance of HERASAFE KS Class II BSC" for cell culture and SOP104 "Use and Maintenance of HERASAFE KS Class II re-circulating BSC" for cell counting using Trypan blue and freezing down using DMSO

(ii) Are there any requirements for room ventilation e.g. negative pressure, temperature control?

Indicate in the adjacent box as: No, Yes or Not Relevant (N/R)  No  Yes  N/R

**C1.2.3 Transport and Storage within the laboratory**

How and where are materials to be stored?

Cryostorage unit- liquid nitrogen or -80°C. During culture in static CO<sub>2</sub> incubator. Material will be stored according to the following SOPs:

- 1) SOP005, "Storage and Transport of Biological Materials"
- 2) SOP008, "Receipt of Hazardous Biological Material"
- 3) SOP013, "Use and Maintenance of Liquid Nitrogen Store"
- 4) SOP079, "Use and Maintenance of the HeraCell CO<sub>2</sub> Incubator"
- 5) SOP031, "Cryopreservation and Storage of Mammalian Cell Lines"

How will this material be transported within the laboratory e.g. between BSC and incubator? Detail the containment measures which will be used to prevent or contain accidental splashes or spills.

Manually, trolleys available if large numbers of flasks need to be moved. Cells will always be transferred in closed containers with secondary containment. Appropriate spill response procedures are posted in the lab and documented in detail in the following SOPs:

- 1) SOP005, "Storage and Transport of Biological Material"
- 2) SOP038, "Biological Spill Response"

**C1.2.4 Local transport out of the laboratory**

How will this material be transported on-site (e.g. research material between labs on campus or movement of waste containing viable agents e.g. to a remote autoclave)? Detail the containment measures which will be used to prevent or contain accidental splashes or spills

Cells will be transported frozen contained within a secure cryostorage unit. Transfer of cryostorage unit from the Chem. Eng. Bio lab to the CBE will be directed by the departmental safety officer, Robert Temple

**C1.2.5 Shipment of Biological Material**

Will this material be shipped elsewhere in the UK or abroad?

Indicate in the adjacent box as: No, Yes or Not Relevant (N/R)  No  Yes  N/R

If yes, give details to support compliance to the relevant regulation (e.g. category of material, correct packaging instruction):

Description of material to be shipped (indicate in available boxes) Is this:	UN2814	UN2900	Packaging instruction 602 or 620 must be followed.
Category A	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Category B	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
OR?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Category B	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
OR?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-hazardous	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Packaging instruction 650 must be followed. Should be packaged in protected sample.

**C1.2.6 Receipt of material**

If material will be received from other sites or organisations, what precautions are being taken to ensure that the material is shipped correctly?

N/A

**C1.2.7 Centrifugation**

(i) If material is to be centrifuged will sealed buckets and rotors be used?

Indicate in the adjacent box as: No, Yes or Not Relevant (N/R)  No  Yes  N/R

(ii) Where will these rotor/buckets be opened?

Sealed buckets will be opened bench top, unless a spillage within the bucket is suspected, in which case the buckets will be transferred to a BSC and opened within a controlled environment. SOP038 "Use and Maintenance of Eppendorf 5804 centrifuge", will be adhered to at all times.

(iii) Describe the procedures in place to deal with leaks and spillages in the centrifuge

Take entire bucket (or rotor if appropriate) to the BSC- remove any tubes. Wipe down with paper towel soaked in 70% ethanol (repeat if necessary). Allow to dry. Ensure paper towel is disposed of correctly. Labeled biological spill kits are available in the change area of each laboratory. Posters are also posted in each lab where a centrifuge is located to advise on spill response and reporting procedures.

The following SOPs will be strictly adhered to:  
 SOP088 - Use and Maintenance of Eppendorf 5804 centrifuge  
 SOP038 - Biological Spill Response

**C1.2.8 Incubators**

If incubators are to be used, what type of incubator (e.g. shaking, static) is used and describe procedures to prevent and contain spillages.

Static CO<sub>2</sub> incubator - T flasks labeled and sealed correctly. Any spillages would be dealt with as follows: mop up any spillage with paper towel soaked in ethanol. Empty rest of incubator and set decontamination cycle going (details in manual (S1.28) or SOP079- Use and Maintenance of HeraCell CO<sub>2</sub> Incubator, SOP038 - Biological Spill Response (CBE)

**C1.2.9 Disinfection**

Specify the type and concentration of disinfectants to be used:

Typically 70% ethanol is used. Alternatively 1% virkon is also available.

Have these disinfectants been validated for use with the recipient biological material?  
 Indicate in the adjacent box as:  No;  Yes or Not Relevant (N/R)  Yes

If yes, describe the procedure:  
 70% ethanol used when working in safety cabinet. For hazard group 1 and 2, biological agents it is normally sufficient to rely on the manufacturer's data providing the recommended concentrations and contact times are used. Hence 1% Virkon is used per manufacturer's instructions and according to the local Code of Practice and SOP006 - "Selection and Use of Virkon Disinfectant"

Independent studies have reported that 1% Virkon completely destroys a wide spectrum of organisms within a contact time of 10mins.

**C1.2.10 Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)**

(i) What type of lab coats will be worn and where will they be stored?

Side fastening howie type lab coats will be worn at all times within the CBE facility. They are stored outside the laboratory in a dedicated change area. Guidance on the proper use of PPE will be taken from CBE SOP037 "Use of Personnel Protective Equipment"

(ii) What type of gloves will be worn and where will they be stored?

Autoclave Gloves stored near the autoclave will be worn at all times when operating the autoclave as directed by SOP025 "Use and Maintenance of Syste Vx-95 Autoclave CBE045"  
 Cynogenic Gloves stored in the CBE autoclave room are worn at all times when using liquid nitrogen storage containers as directed by SOP013 "Use and Maintenance of Liquid Nitrogen Stores"  
 Disposable latex powder free gloves for general use will be worn at all times when in the CBE facility, as directed by SOP037 "Use of Personnel Protective Equipment"

(iii) Describe any other PPE to be used:

Laboratory Safety Glasses will be worn as directed by relevant SOPs when working within the CBE.  
 Face shield (primarily for handling liquid nitrogen) will be worn when retrieving the cell vial from storage in the CBE as directed by SOP013 "Use and Maintenance of Liquid Nitrogen Stores"  
 Full Length Aprons will be worn when retrieving the cell vial from Liquid Nitrogen stores in the CBE as directed by SOP013 "Use and Maintenance of Liquid Nitrogen Stores" and when operating the autoclave as directed by SOP025 "Use and Maintenance of Syste Vx-95 Autoclave CBE045"

**C1.2.11 Hygiene Measures**

Describe the hygiene facilities available and where they are located

Designated eye wash stations and hand washing facilities are available in the change room of each laboratory, other hand basins are situated directly inside the analytical laboratory and in the main change area as entering and exiting the facility.

**C1.2.12 Vaccination**

Are effective vaccines available against any of the agents listed in Section 1. 2. 3. or 4 of Part B?  
 Indicate in the adjacent box as:  No;  Yes or Not Relevant (N/R)  N/R

If yes, describe:

**C1.2.13 Waste Treatment before Disposal**

How must waste to be treated before disposal and how has it been validated as being effective?

Type of Waste	Treatment before disposal	Validation of this treatment
Liquid waste	Virkon Decontamination according to SOP 003 "Disposal of Biological Waste"	According to manufacturer instructions, see section C2.1.9
Solid waste	Autoclave Decontamination according to SOP 003 "Disposal of Biological Waste"	Treatment cycle is validated according to SOP024 "Maintenance of Syste Vx-95 Autoclave CBE045" and SOP025 "Maintenance of Syste Vx-95 Autoclave CBE045". Annual validation is conducted by an external contractor.

**C1.2.14 Autoclave sterilisation**

If waste is treated by autoclave sterilisation then this section must be completed. If this section is not relevant then hatch the box

Type of Waste	Composition of waste	Autoclave cycle (temp, cycle time)	Treatment monitor
Liquid waste	N/R	N/R	N/R
Solid waste	Cell culture Consumables	Minimum 121°C for 15mins (under clinical vacuum)	Designated Autoclave tape monitors
Location of autoclave	Servicing details	Location of back-up autoclave	Designated area for storage of unsterilised

CBE – Autoclave room H31	Annual	CBE – Second validated autoclave located in room H31	CBE – secure cage located in autoclave room (H31)
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**C1.2.15 Liquid Waste Disposal**

How will liquid waste be disposed of?

To the drain?

After 1% virkon decontamination for 24hrs, waste is poured down the drain followed by copious amounts of water. Refer to SOP003 - Disposal of Biological Waste\*

In the occurrence of a contamination flask will treated with 3% virkon overnight before being disposed of, refer to SOP003 - Disposal of Biological Waste\*.

As solid waste?

Other?

**C1.2.16 Solid Waste Disposal**  
Describe the waste category and disposal route. (For guidance refer to <http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk>)

Colour Code	Category/Description	Hatch relevant box(es)	Disposal Method
Yellow	Sharps (not contaminated with cytotoxic/cytostatic material)	X	Yellow Sharps bin->autoclave sterilisation if known or potentially infected -clinical waste disposal (incineration)
Purple/Yellow Special case- contact DSO	Sharps (contaminated with cytotoxic/cytostatic material)		Purple/Yellow lidded Sharps bin-clinical waste disposal (incineration @ 1000C)
Yellow	Human body parts, organs, including blood bags and blood preservatives and excreta (unless identified as medium or high risk or known infected in Section 2.2.1 of this RA in which case they must be pre-treated before disposal)		Yellow rigid one way sealed tissue bins-clinical waste disposal (incineration)
Yellow	Animal body carcasses or recognisable parts (unless identified as medium or high risk or known infected in Section 2.2.1 of this RA in which case they must be pre-treated before disposal)		Yellow rigid one way sealed tissue bins > clinical waste disposal (incineration)
Special Case- Contact DSO	Potentially or known infected lab wastes (including sharps) of H52, GM Class 2, DEFRA Cat 2 or higher, that have not been pre-treated before leaving the site.		This is not a route of preference and is subject to special requirements
Orange	Infected or potentially infected lab wastes that have been pre treated before leaving the site		Disinfection or sterilisation (as identified in C1.2.14) in the laboratory suite > orange clinical waste bags > clinical waste disposal (incineration)

Yellow	Infected or potentially infected animal or human body parts, organs or excreta that have been pre treated before leaving site	Disinfection or sterilisation (as identified in C1.2.14) in the laboratory suite > yellow one way sealed tissue bins > clinical waste disposal (incineration)
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**C1.2.17 Work with Animals or Vectors (if none proceed to Section C1.2.19)**

(i) Are animals or vectors to be infected with any of these biological agents?  N/R

If yes, describe the procedure and describe where this aspect of the work will be conducted.

(ii) Is shedding of infectious materials by the infected animals possible or expected?  N/R

If yes, describe the routes of shedding, risk periods for such shedding and the additional precautions required to control exposure.

(iii) Who will perform the inoculations of animals/vectors? What training have they received?

Provide details of the training required.  N/R

**C1.2.18 Bioreactor/Fermenters (if none proceed to Section C1.2.19)**

Will a bioreactor/fermenter be used to culture a biological agent?  N/R

If yes, describe the size, and type of the bioreactor/fermenter.

(i) Are any supplementary containment measures required, for example, the use of a BSC or spill tray.  N/R

**C1.2.19 Other Control Measures Required?**

No

**C1.3 Emergency Procedures**

C1.3.1 Describe the procedures in place for dealing with spillages (specify disinfectants and any special containment for large volumes)

Within the BSC:

Local procedures described in CBE SOPs which specifically detail spillage prevention and response measures will be employed.

- 1) SOP006 – Selection and use of Virkon disinfectant
- 2) SOP009 – Use and Maintenance of Herasafe KS Class II BSC
- 3) SOP038 – Biological Spill Response

Labelled biological spill kits are located in the CBE unit and signs are posted throughout the CBE unit to enable workers to locate the nearest biological (and chemical) spill kit and also to advise on spill response and reporting procedures.

Within the laboratory but outside the control measure e.g. BSC, spill tray

Local procedures described in CBE SOPs which specifically detail spillage prevention and response measures will be employed.

- 1) SOP006 – Selection and use of Virkon disinfectant
- 2) SOP038 – Biological Spill Response

Labelled biological spill kits are located in the CBE unit and signs are posted throughout the CBE unit to enable workers to locate the nearest biological (and chemical) spill kit and also to advise on spill response and reporting procedures.

Outside the laboratory e.g. during transport

N/R

*Describe the procedures in place for an accidental exposure (if necessary describe different procedures for different types of exposure e.g. eye splash or percutaneous inoculation)*

Procedures to respond to accidental exposure are detailed in CBE SOP038 'Biological Spill Response' and the CBE COP. These are detailed in spill response posters located in the CBE laboratories.

Designated hand washing facilities are located in laboratory change area and immediately inside the analytical lab where the cryostorage unit is located in the CBE facility.

Eye wash stations are readily available in the CBE.

A first aid kit is located outside the laboratory unit. Signs are posted throughout the laboratory unit to enable workers to locate the nearest medical kit. Contact details for first aiders are posted in laboratory.

Essential and emergency contact details are posted in the CBE laboratories.

**C2. ASSIGNMENT OF CONTAINMENT LEVEL**

The Laboratory Containment Level is directly related to each of the 4 Hazard Groups - organisms categorised as HG1 (lowest hazard rating) should normally be handled in CL1 facilities (minimum level of containment), and HG2 (up to HG4) (highest hazard rating) in CL4 facilities (maximum level of containment). Where the identity or presence of a biological agent is not known the following rules apply: a) Where uncertainty exists over the presence of a biological agent, a minimum of CL2.5, where the presence of a pathogenic biological agent is known or suspected, a minimum of Containment Level 2 (CL2) is applied to the agent, where the assessment is inconclusive but where the activity might involve serious risk, a minimum CL3.

**C2.1. What containment level is required for this work? (see COSHH Schedule 3, Part II for a list of criteria)**

Containment level 1 is required for work with this cell line, assessed hazard group 1. However all procedures will be carried out under containment level 2 (CL2). This is for reasons other than worker protection including the need to ensure research material is protected and to impose a QA discipline.

**C2.2. Describe extra controls or derogation from certain controls**

None

**C3 FACILITIES**

**C3.1 Where will this work take place?**

Room(s)	Building	Campus	Personnel Control/Contact
CBE Laboratory Unit (self contained suite of laboratories and ancillary rooms within the CBE).	Centre for Biological Engineering	Holywell Park	C.J. Hewitt - (Biological safety officer) R. Temple - (Departmental Safety Officer) K. Sikand - (Laboratory Manager)

**C4 PERSONNEL**

**C4.1 Names of Personnel Involved in the Project**

Surname	Initials	University/ID	Position
Shah	M	B027680	Research Student
Coopman	K	5011598	Supervisor

**C4.2 Information, Instruction and Training**

*Describe the training that will be given to all those affected (directly or indirectly) by the work activity. Instruction should include the 'Local Rules' or 'Local Codes of Practice' which focus on the working instructions to be followed by all persons involved in the work activity to control or prevent exposure to hazardous biological agent(s). These should be written and readily available to all workers working at Containment Level 2. A formal record of training should be kept for all individuals working at Containment Level 2.*

BSc Biomedical science, practical course cell biology (DTC weeks 1-2), to be trained by Kathryn Grosman.

Access to CBE laboratories is restricted to authorised users. In order to obtain authorised user status, operators must satisfy minimum training requirements set by CBE management and Health and Safety Committee. Basic training modules include a detailed review of the current Code of Practice (COP). This document details specific aspects of class 2 working in relation to handling biological agents, waste management, training requirements of lab equipment and emergency procedures inc. spill responses.

MG will be performing the practical aspects of the work. Formal records of training are kept for all workers authorised to work at Containment Level 2 (CL2) within the CBE CL2 Laboratory Unit. Instruction against local Code of Practice and QMS ie SOPs is provided.

Prior to been granted access to CBE labs, each training file is reviewed, signed off by both lab management and the departmental safety officer (DSO). Once authorised access has been granted, it is the responsibility of the operator to identify specific training needs prior to the start up of new projects. Training files are live documents and must be continually updated to record all training acquired.



**C4.3 Relevant Experience/Training:**

Surname	Experience/Training
Ginal	BSc Biomedical Science
Brosnan	Practical course cell biology

**C4.4 Other people who may be at risk from the activity e.g. cleaners, maintenance workers or other workers in shared laboratory**

**Details:**

NONE: Cleaners and Maintenance workers are not authorised to enter the laboratory. All laboratory cleaning is undertaken by authorised personnel (ie CBE staff). Access for non-laboratory workers is subject to a local permit-to-work procedure. If access is needed for essential maintenance of equipment for example a clean down and decontamination of the laboratories will be performed. This will be documented with decontamination certificates and the maintenance worker fully supervised according to SOP04 - General Laboratory Housekeeping and the local Code of Practice. Two laboratory shut downs occur every year for maintenance work to be done in the CBE Laboratory Unit. Prior to these shut down weeks a full deep clean decontamination will be performed in the all laboratory areas.

All other workers in the CBE Laboratory Unit are authorised personnel.

**C5 OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH**

**C5.1 Vaccination**

Is an effective vaccination available for any of the pathogens associated with this work? Advice can be obtained from the Occupational Health Adviser (OHA) if required. All workers involved with handling unsorted blood, blood products and other tissues are recommended to have Hepatitis B Immunization

N/A

**C5.2 Health Surveillance**

Is health surveillance required? (Health surveillance is typically applied if working with a hazardous substance that a) produces an identifiable disease or adverse health effect that can be related to exposure, b) there is a reasonable likelihood that the disease or effect may occur under the conditions of work, and c) there are valid techniques for detecting indications of the disease or effect).

N/A

**C6 NOTIFICATIONS: Human Tissue Act**

**C6.1.1 Relevant material covered by the Human Tissue Act**

Are any of the cells, tissues or fluids to be used covered by the Human Tissue Act?

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Indicate in the adjacent box as: No, Yes or Not Relevant (N/R)

**C6.1.2 Does This Work Have Ethical Approval? If Yes, Provide Details**

Indicate in the adjacent box as: No, Yes or Not Relevant (N/R)	N/R
Approval number:	
Date obtained:	
Ethics committee name:	

**C6.1.3 Are other registrations/notifications required for this work? For example HSE notification under COSHH, Home Office notification under anti-terrorism, crime and security act etc**

Indicate in the adjacent box as: No, Yes or Not Relevant (N/R)

If Yes, give details:

N/R

**7 LICENSING REQUIREMENTS FOR ANIMAL PRODUCTS**

**C7.1.1 Are there any licensing requirements for this work?**

Indicate in the adjacent box as: No, Yes or Not Relevant (N/R)

The regulations covering the import of animal products (including tissue cultures, tissues, body fluids or fractions thereof) are in a state of flux. Current procedures to be followed:

- If you wish to import any animal products that you know are not infected with an animal pathogen, or have good reason to expect that they are not infected with an animal pathogen, from within or outside of the EC you must apply for a Research Sample Licence using the Defra form JAPPO1. Follow this link to download the form <http://www.defra.gov.uk/corporate/docs/forms/shealth/jappo1.htm>
- If you wish to import such an animal product but it is known or suspected of being infected with an animal pathogen then you must use DEFRA form IM137. Follow this link to download the form <http://www.defra.gov.uk/corporate/docs/forms/shealth/ittrade/im137.htm>
- If you wish to import an animal pathogen listed under the Specified Animal Pathogens Order then you must use DEFRA form PATH1. Follow this link to download the form <http://www.defra.gov.uk/corporate/docs/forms/shealth/path1.htm>

In all cases the instructions for their submission is stated on the forms themselves.

**ALL APPLICATIONS SHOULD BE REVIEWED BY THE DEPARTMENTAL SAFETY OFFICER AND THE UNIVERSITY BIOLOGICAL SAFETY OFFICER BEFORE SUBMISSION.**


**8 DECLARATION**

The declaration must be signed before submitting this assessment to the Departmental Safety Officer and University Biological Safety Officer.

I, the undersigned:


- confirm that all information contained in this assessment is correct and up to date
- will ensure that suitable and sufficient instruction, information and supervision is provided for all individuals working on the activity
- will ensure that no work will be carried out until this assessment has been completed and approved and that all necessary control measures are in place
- that all information contained in this assessment must remain correct and up to date (the assessment should be reviewed once a year and whenever any significant changes to the work activity occur)

• Will re-submit the assessment for approval if any significant changes occur

<b>Name:</b> Person conducting assessment	<b>Signature:</b>	<b>Date:</b>
Maaria Gimai		14/06/11

**Name(s):**  
All named persons involved in the project (add additional rows below, as required)

<b>Signature(s):</b>	<b>Date:</b>

<b>Name:</b> Principal Investigator/Supervisor	<b>Signature:</b>	<b>Date:</b>
Karen Coopman		14/06/2011

<b>Name:</b> Other signature (s) if required – please state position e.g. <i>Quality Manager</i>	<b>Signature:</b>	<b>Date:</b>
P. Houn (CCe on)		14/06/2011

**9. APPROVAL**

For work involving Hazard Group 1 biological agents approval will usually be required by the Departmental Safety Officer before the work begins

For work with Hazard Group 2 biological agents, explicit approval is required from the Departmental Safety Officer and the University Biological Safety Officer. Approval may be provided by email

<b>Name:</b> Departmental Biological Safety Advisor (BGS/SA)	<b>Signature:</b>	<b>Date:</b>
C.S. West		12/6/11

<b>Name:</b> Departmental Safety Officer (DSO)	<b>Signature:</b>	<b>Date:</b>
R. T. Male		22/04/2011

<b>Name:</b> University Biological Safety Officer (or Deputy)	<b>Signature:</b>	<b>Date:</b>
N/A		